

P/N 126871-01 REV. B 04/2018



Report No. F09-123

Installation and Operation Instructions

Unvented (Vent-Free) Compact Fireplaces

VCM3026ZTN

Models

VCM3026ZTP



We recommend that our gas hearth products be installed and serviced by professionals who are certified in the U.S. by the National Fireplace Institute® (NFI) as NFI Gas Specialists.

INSTALLER: Leave this manual with the appliance.

CONSUMER: Retain this manual for future reference.

This appliance may be installed in an aftermarket permanently located, manufactured (mobile) home, where not prohibited by local codes. This appliance is only for use with the type of gas indicated on the rating plate. This appliance is not convertible for use with other gases.

This is an unvented gas-fired heater. It uses air (oxygen) from the room in which it is installed. Provisions for adequate combustion and ventilation air must be provided. Refer to Air for Combustion and Ventilation section on *Page 7* of this manual.



A WARNING:

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow safety warnings exactly could result in serious injury, death, or property damage.

- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS
- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Leave the building immediately.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Safety	. 2	Cleaning and Maintenance	2
Product Identification	. 4	Troubleshooting	2
Local Codes	. 5	Specifications	29
Product Features	. 5	Service Hints	29
Unpacking	. 6	Technical Service	29
Assembly	. 6	Replacement Parts	29
Air for Combustion and Ventilation	. 7	Accessories	30
Installation	10	Parts	3 ⁻
Operation2	20	Warranty	3
Inspecting Burner	23	•	

SAFETY

WARNING: FIRE, EXPLOSION, AND ASPHYXIATION HAZARD

Improper adjustment, alteration, service, maintenance, or installation of this heater or its controls can cause death or serious injury.

Read and follow instructions and precautions in User's Information Manual provided with this heater.

WARNING: This is an unvented gas-fired heater. It uses air (oxygen) from the room in which it is installed. Provisions for adequate combustion and ventilation air must be provided. Refer to Air for Combustion and Ventilation section on Page 7 of this manual.

WARNING: Vent-free products are prohibited for bedroom and bathroom installation in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

WARNING: This product contains and/or generates chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer or birth defects or other reproductive harm.

DANGER: Carbon monoxide poisoning may lead to death!

Solid-fuels shall not be burned in a fireplace in which an unvented room heater is installed.

This appliance may be installed in an aftermarket,* permanently located, manufactured (mobile) home, where not prohibited by local codes.

This appliance is only for use with the type of gas indicated on the rating plate. This appliance is not convertible for use with other gases.

* Aftermarket: Completion of sale, not for purpose of resale, from the manufacturer

Carbon Monoxide Poisoning: Early signs of carbon monoxide poisoning resemble the flu, with headaches, dizziness, or nausea. If you have these signs, the heater may not be working properly. Get fresh air at once! Have heater serviced. Some people are more affected by carbon monoxide than others. These include pregnant women, people with heart or lung disease or anemia, those under the influence of alcohol, and those at high altitudes.

Natural and Propane/LP Gas: Natural and propane/LP gases are odorless. An odormaking agent is added to the gas. The odor helps you detect a gas leak. However, the odor added to the gas can fade. Gas may be present even though no odor exists.

Make certain you read and understand all warnings. Keep this manual for reference. It is your guide to safe and proper operation of this heater.

SAFETY Continued

IMPORTANT: Read this owner's manual carefully and completely before trying to assemble, operate or service this fireplace. Improper use of this fireplace can cause serious injury or death from burns, fire, explosion, electrical shock and carbon monoxide poisoning.

WARNING: Any change to this heater or its controls can be dangerous.

WARNING: Do not use a blower insert, heat exchanger insert or other accessory not approved for use with this heater.

WARNING: Do not allow fans to blow directly into the fireplace. Avoid any drafts that alter burner flame patterns. Ceiling fans can create drafts that alter burner flame patterns. Altered burner patterns can cause sooting.

Due to high temperatures, the appliance should be located out of traffic and away from furniture and draperies.

Do not place clothing or other flammable material on or near the appliance. Never place any objects on the heater.

Fireplace front and screen become very hot when running fireplace. Children and adults should be alerted to the hazard of high surface temperature and should stay away to avoid burns or clothing ignition. Fireplace will remain hot for a time after shutdown. Allow surfaces to cool before touching.

Young children should be carefully supervised when they are in the same room with the appliance. When using the hand-held remote accessory, keep selector switch in the OFF position to prevent children from turning on burners with remote.

You must operate this heater with the fireplace screen and hood in place before running heater. The fireplace screen shall have openings for introduction of combustion air.

Keep the appliance area clear and free from combustible materials, gasoline and other flammable vapors and liquids.

Installation and repair should be done by a qualified service person. The appliance should be inspected before use and at least annually by a professional service person. More frequent cleaning may be required due to excessive lint from carpeting, bedding material, etc. It is imperative that control compartments, burners, and circulating air passageways of the appliance be kept clean.

This appliance must be mounted on a fully supported base extending the full width and depth of the unit. The fireplace may be located on or near conventional construction materials. However, if installed on combustible materials, such as carpeting, vinyl tile or other combustible material other than wood flooring, the appliance shall be installed on a metal or wood panel extending the full width and depth of the appliance.

SAFETY Continued

- WARNING: This appliance is only for use with the type of gas indicated on the rating plate. This appliance is not convertible for use with other gases.
- Do not place propane/LP supply tank(s) inside any structure. Locate propane/ LP supply tank(s) outdoors (propane/LP only).
- 3. If you smell gas
 - shut off gas supply
 - do not try to light any appliance
 - do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building
 - immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions
 - if you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department
- 4. This fireplace shall not be installed in a bedroom or bathroom.
- Do not use this fireplace as a wood-burning fireplace. Use only the logs provided with the fireplace.
- Do not add extra logs or ornaments such as pine cones, vermiculite, or glowing embers (rockwool). Using these added items can cause sooting. Do not add volcanic stone around base. Volcanic Stone and debris could fall into the control area of fireplace.
- This fireplace is designed to be smokeless. If logs ever appear to smoke, turn off fireplace and call a qualified service person.
 - **NOTE**: During initial operation, slight smoking could occur due to log curing and fireplace burning manufacturing residues.
- 8. To prevent the creation of soot, follow the instructions in *Cleaning and Maintenance*, **Page 25**.
- 9. Before using furniture polish, wax, carpet

- cleaner, or similar products, turn heater off. If heated, the vapors from these products may create a white powder residue within burner box or on adjacent walls or furniture.
- This fireplace needs fresh air ventilation to run properly. This fireplace has an Oxygen Depletion Sensing (ODS) safety shutoff system. The ODS shuts down the fireplace if not enough fresh air is available. See <u>Air for Combustion and Ventilation</u>, **Page 7**. If fireplace keeps shutting off, see Troubleshooting, **Page 26**.
- 11. Do not run fireplace
 - where flammable liquids or vapors are used or stored.
 - under dusty conditions.
- 12. Do not use this fireplace to cook food or burn paper or other objects.
- 13. Never place any objects in the fireplace or on logs.
- 14. Do not use fireplace if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the room fireplace and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.
- 15. Turn off and unplug fireplace and let cool before servicing. Only a qualified service person should service and repair fireplace.
- 16. Operating fireplace above elevations of 4,500 feet could cause pilot outage.
- 17. Do not operate fireplace if any log is broken. Do not operate fireplace if a log is chipped (dime-sized or larger).
- 18. To prevent performance problems, do not use propane/LP fuel tank of less than 100 lbs. capacity (propane/LP only).
- 19. Provide adequate clearances around air openings.
- The screen or any other part removed for servicing must be replaced prior to operating this heater.

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

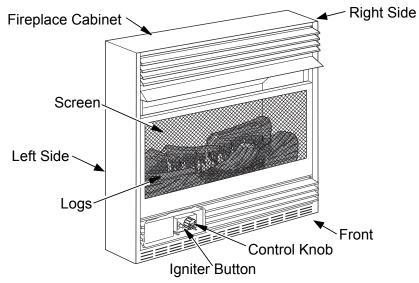


Figure 1 - Vent-Free Gas Compact Fireplace

LOCAL CODES

Install and use fireplace with care. Follow all local codes. In the absence of local codes, use the latest edition of *The National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54**. Firebox must be electrically grounded in accordance with the *National Electrical Code, ANS/NFPA70* (latest edition).

*Available from:

American National Standards Institute, Inc. 25 West 43rd Street, 4th floor New York, NY 10036 National Fire Protection Association, Inc. 1 Batterymarch Park Quincy, MA 02169-7471

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS REQUIREMENTS

These appliances are approved for installation in the US state of Massachusetts if the following additional requirements are met:

- Un-vented Room Heaters shall be installed in accordance with 527 CMR 30.
- Installation and repair must be done by a plumber or gas fitter licensed in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
- The flexible gas line connector used shall not exceed 36 inches (92 centimeters) in length.
- The individual manual shut-off must be a T-handle type valve.
- Unvented appliances may NOT be installed in bedrooms or bathrooms.
- A working smoke detector must be installed in the area where vent-free appliances are installed.

Seller of unvented propane or natural gas-fired supplemental room heaters shall provide to each purchaser a copy of 527 CMR 30 upon sale of the unit.

PRODUCT FEATURES

SAFETY PILOT

This fireplace has a pilot with an Oxygen Depletion Sensing (ODS) safety shutoff system. The ODS/pilot is a required feature for vent-free room fireplaces. The ODS/pilot shuts off the fireplace if there is not enough fresh air.

PIEZO IGNITION SYSTEM

This fireplace has a piezo igniter. This system requires no matches, batteries, or other sources to light fireplace.

THERMOSTATIC HEAT CONTROL

This fireplace has a thermostat sensing bulb and a control valve. The thermostat will automatically modulate the heat output to maintain a consistent room temperature. This results in greater fireplace comfort. This can also result in lower gas bills.

UNPACKING

- Remove fireplace and hood from carton. Log is wrapped and inside fireplace. Do not remove at this time.
- 2. Remove all protective packaging applied to fireplace for shipment.
- 3. Make sure your fireplace includes one hardware packet.
- 4. Check all items for any shipping damage. If damaged, promptly inform dealer where you purchased the fireplace.

ASSEMBLY

WARNING: Always have branch support and screen in place before operating fireplace. This prevents excessive temperatures on fireplace surfaces.

WARNING: Failure to position the parts in accordance with these diagrams or failure to use only parts specifically approved with this fireplace may result in property damage or personal injury.

ASSEMBLING FIREPLACE

Tools Required:

- Phillips screwdriver
- 5/16" hex wrench
- · slotted screwdriver

Installing Log

- 1. Lift screen up and pull out to remove.
- 2. Cut two plastic straps to remove the log from the firebox cavity.
- An optional blower is available. See <u>Accessories</u>, <u>Page 31</u>. Install optional blower now. Follow installation instructions provided with blower.
- 4. Remove log packaging material and discard packaging. Gently place log set on burner support (see *Figure 2*). The log should fit flat against top of burner support and log locator tabs fit into the slots under the log. Do not allow log to contact flame. If flame contacts log, soot will be created.
- Reattach screen by placing the notches in the screen frame over the shoulder screws and pushing down.

Assembling Hood

- 1. Locate four black phillips sheet metal screws from the hardware packet.
- 2. Rotate hood as shown in *Figure 3*. Make sure hood tabs point toward fireplace.
- 3. Insert hood tabs between baffle and louvers (see *Figure 3*).

- 4. Gently rotate hood to upright position. Make sure hood tabs are behind louvers and hood is resting on firebox top (see **Figure 3**).
- 5. Align screw holes on hood with screw holes on firebox top.
- 6. Insert screws as shown in *Figure 3*. Tighten screws firmly.

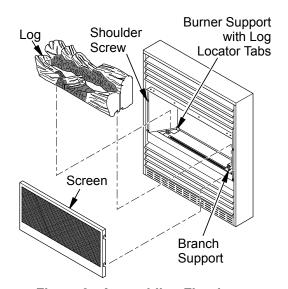


Figure 2 - Assembling Fireplace

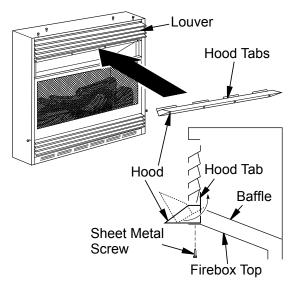


Figure 3 - Assembling Hood

AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION

WARNING: This appliance shall not be installed in a room or space unless the required volume of indoor combustion air is provided by the method described in the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA54, the International Fuel Gas Code, or applicable local codes. Read the following instructions to ensure proper fresh air for this and other fuel-burning appliances in your home.

Today's homes are built more energy efficient than ever. New materials, increased insulation and new construction methods help reduce heat loss in homes. Homeowners apply weather strip and caulk around windows and doors to keep the cold air out and the warm air in. During heating months, homeowners want their homes as airtight as possible.

While it is good to make your home energy efficient, your home needs to breathe. Fresh air must enter your home. All fuel-burning appliances need fresh air for proper combustion and ventilation.

Exhaust fans, some fireplaces, clothes dryers and some fuel-burning appliances draw air from the house to operate. You must provide adequate fresh air for these appliances. This will ensure proper venting of vented fuel-burning appliances.

PROVIDING ADEQUATE VENTILATION

The following are excerpts from *National* Fuel Gas Code ANS Z223.1/NFPA 54,Air for Combustion and Ventilation.

All spaces in homes fall into one of the three following ventilation classifications:

- 1. Unusually Tight Construction
- 2. Unconfined Space
- 3. Confined Space

The information on **Pages 7 Through 9** will help you classify your space and provide adequate ventilation.

Unusually Tight Construction

The air that leaks around doors and windows may provide enough fresh air for combustion and ventilation. However, in buildings of unusually tight construction, you must provide additional fresh air.

Unusually tight construction is defined as construction where:

- a. walls and ceilings exposed to the outside atmosphere have a continuous water vapor retarder with a rating of one perm (6 x 10⁻¹¹ kg per pa-sec-m²) or less with openings gasketed or sealed and
- b. weather stripping has been added on openable windows and doors and
- c. caulking or sealants are applied to areas such as joints around window and door frames, between sole plates and floors, between wall-ceiling joints, between wall panels, at penetrations for plumbing, electrical and gas lines and at other openings.

If your home meets all of the three criteria above, you must provide additional fresh air. See <u>Ventilation Air From Outdoors</u>, Page 9.

If your home does not meet all of the three criteria above, proceed to <u>Determining Fresh-Air Flow for Firebox Location</u>, Page 8.

Confined and Unconfined Space

The National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/ NFPA54 allows two methods for determining whether the space in which the heater is being installed is confined or unconfined space. The standard method defines a confined space as a space whose volume is less than 50 cubic feet per 1,000 Btu/hr (4.8 m³ per kw) of the aggregate input rating of all appliances installed in that space and an unconfined space as a space whose volume is not less than 50 cubic feet per 1,000 Btu/hr (4.8 m³ per kw) of the aggregate input rating of all appliances installed in that space. Rooms communicating directly with the space in which the appliances are installed*, through openings not furnished with doors, are considered a part of the unconfined space.

This appliance shall not be installed in a confined space or unusually tight construction unless provisions are provided for adequate combustion and ventilation air.

Where the air infiltration rate of a structure is known, the Known Air Infiltration Rate Method may be used. Follow The National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 to use this method to determine if the space is confined or unconfined.

* Adjoining rooms are communicating only if there are doorless passageways or ventilation grills between them.

AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION

Continued

DETERMINING FRESH-AIR FLOW FOR FIREBOX LOCATION

Determining if You Have a Confined or Unconfined Space Using the Standard Method

Use this work sheet to determine if you have a confined or unconfined space.

Space: Includes the room in which you will install appliance plus any adjoining rooms with doorless passageways or ventilation grills between the rooms.

1.	Determine the volume of the space (leng	gth
	x width x height).	

Length x Width x Height = ____cu. ft. (volume of space)

Example: Space size 22 ft. (length) x 18 ft. (width) x 8 ft. (ceiling height) = 3168 cu. ft. (volume of space)

If additional ventilation to adjoining room is supplied with grills or openings, add the volume of these rooms to the total volume of the space.

2. Multiply the space volume by 20 to determine the maximum Btu/Hr the space can support.

____ (volume of space) x 20 = (Maximum Btu/Hr the space can support)

Example: 3168 cu. ft. (volume of space) x 20 = 63,360 (maximum Btu/Hr the space can support)

3. Add the Btu/Hr of all fuel burning appliances in the space.

Gas water appliance*	Btu/Hr
Gas furnace	Btu/Hr
Vented gas appliance	Btu/Hr
Gas fireplace logs	Btu/Hr
Other gas appliances* +	Btu/Hr
Total =	Btu/Hr

* Do not include direct-vent gas appliances. Direct-vent draws combustion air from the outdoors and vents to the outdoors.

Example:

Gas water appliance	_	30,000	_Btu/Hr
Gas firebox logs	+	26,000	Btu/Hr
Total	=	56,000	Btu/Hr

 Compare the maximum Btu/Hr the space can support with the actual amount of Btu/ Hr used.

 _. Btu/Hr (maximum the space car
support)
 Btu/Hr (actual amount of Btu/Hr
used)

Example: 51,200 Btu/Hr (maximum the space can support)

56,000 Btu/Hr (actual amount of Btu/Hr used)

The space in the above example is a confined space because the actual Btu/Hr used is more than the maximum Btu/Hr the space can support. You must provide additional fresh air. Your options are as follows:

- A. Rework work sheet, adding the space of an adjoining room. If the extra space provides an unconfined space, remove door to adjoining room or add ventilation grills between rooms. See <u>Ventilation Air</u> <u>from Inside Building</u>, **Page 9**.
- B. Vent room directly to the outdoors. See *Ventilation Air from Outdoors*, *Page 9*.
- C. Install a lower Btu/Hr gas log appliance, if lower Btu/Hr size makes room unconfined.

If the actual Btu/Hr used is less than the maximum Btu/Hr the space can support, the space is an unconfined space. You will need no additional fresh air ventilation.

WARNING: If the area in which the appliance may be operated does not meet the required volume for indoor combustion air, combustion and ventilation air shall be provided by one of the methods described in the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, the International Fuel Gas Code, or applicable local codes.

AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION

Continued

VENTILATION AIR

Ventilation Air From Inside Building

This fresh air would come from an adjoining unconfined space. When ventilating to an adjoining unconfined space, you must provide two permanent openings: one within 12" of the ceiling and one within 12" of the floor on the wall connecting the two spaces (see options 1 and 2, Figure 4). You can also remove door into adjoining room (see option 3, Figure 4). Follow the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, Air for Combustion and Ventilation for required size of ventilation grills or ducts.

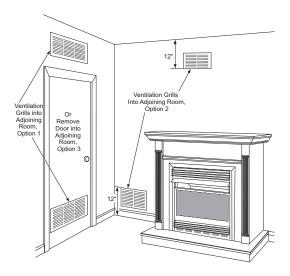


Figure 4 - Ventilation Air from Inside Building Shown with Optional Mantel

Ventilation Air From Outdoors

Provide extra fresh air by using ventilation grills or ducts. You must provide two permanent openings: one within 12" of the ceiling and one within 12" of the floor. Connect these items directly to the outdoors or spaces open to the outdoors. These spaces include attics and crawl spaces. Follow the *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, Air for Combustion and Ventilation* for required size of ventilation grills or ducts.

IMPORTANT: Do not provide openings for inlet or outlet air into attic if attic has a thermostat-controlled power vent. Heated air entering the attic will activate the power vent.

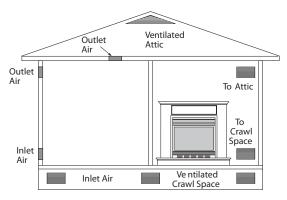


Figure 5 - Ventilation Air from Outdoors Shown with Optional Mantel

NOTICE: This appliance is intended for supplemental heating. Use this heater along with your primary heating system. Do not install this heater as your primary heat source. If you have a central heating system, you may run system's circulating blower while using heater. This will help circulate the heat throughout the house. In the event of a power outage, you can use this heater as your primary heat source.

WARNING: A qualified service person must install fire-place. Follow all local codes.

WARNING: Never install the fireplace

- in a bedroom or a bathroom
- · in a recreational vehicle
- where curtains, furniture, clothing, or other flammable objects are less than 36" from the front, top, or sides of the fireplace
- as a fireplace insert
- in high traffic areas
- in windy or drafty areas

CAUTION: This fireplace creates warm air currents. These currents move heat to wall surfaces next to fireplace. Installing fireplace next to vinyl or cloth wall coverings or operating fireplace where impurities (such as, but not limited to, to-bacco smoke, aromatic candles, cleaning fluids, oil or kerosene lamps, etc.) in the air exist, may discolor walls or cause odors.

IMPORTANT: Vent-free fireplaces add moisture to the air. Although this is beneficial, installing fireplace in rooms without enough ventilation air may cause mildew to form from too much moisture. See <u>Air for Combustion and Ventilation</u>, **Page 7**.

NOTE: Your fireplace is designed to be used in zero clearance installations. Wall or framing material can be placed directly against any exterior surface of your fireplace, except where standoff spacers are integrally attached. If standoff spacers are attached to your fireplace, these spacers can be placed directly against wall or framing materials.

Use the dimensions shown for rough openings to create the easiest installation (see <u>Built-In Fireplace Installation</u>, **Page 11**).

CHECK GAS TYPE

Use only the correct type of gas (natural or propane/LP). If your gas supply is not the correct gas type, do not install heater. Call dealer where you bought heater for proper type heater.

WARNING: This appliance is equipped for either natural gas or propane/LP gas but not both. Gas type is indicated on the rating plate. Field conversion is not permitted.

INSTALLATION ITEMS

Before installing fireplace, make sure you have the items listed below.

- external regulator propane/LP only (supplied by installer)
- · piping (check local codes)
- sealant (resistant to propane/LP gas)
- · equipment shutoff valve *
- · test gauge connection*
- ground joint union
- sediment trap
- tee joint
- pipe wrench
- * A shutoff valve with 1/8" NPT tap is an acceptable alternative to test gauge connection. Purchase the optional equipment shutoff valve from your dealer.

NOTE: If desired, purchase a four-sided trim kit for built-in installations. See <u>Accessories</u>, **Page 31**.

Continued

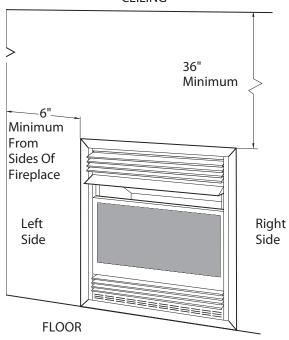
LOCATING FIREPLACE

WARNING: Maintain the minimum clearances shown in *Figures 6 and 7*. If you can, provide greater clearances from floor, ceiling, and joining wall.

You can recess firebox into the wall. You can also position fireplace in the optional cabinet or corner mantels. *IMPORTANT*: Only use optional cabinet or corner mantels specified in this manual. Purchase the optional mantel from your dealer (see <u>Accessories</u>, **Page 31**).

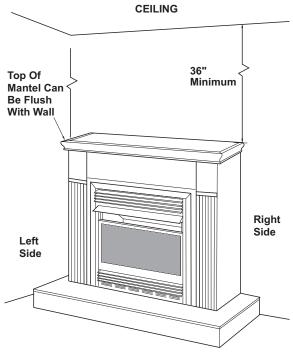
Maintain adequate clearances for accessibility for purposes of servicing and proper operation.

CEILING



0" Minimum To Top Surface Of Carpeting, Tile Or Other Combustible Material

Figure 6 - Mounting Clearances As Viewed From Front of Fireplace Shown Built-In the Wall



0" Minimum To Top Surface Of Carpeting, Tile Or Other Combustible Material

Figure 7 - Mounting Clearances As Viewed From Front of Fireplace Shown with Optional Mantel

NOTE: When installing fireplace directly on carpeting, tile or other combustible material, other than wood flooring, the fireplace shall be installed on a metal or wood panel extending the full width and depth of the fireplace.

A CAUTION: If you install the fireplace in a home garage

- fireplace pilot and burner must be at least 18" above floor.
- locate fireplace where moving vehicle will not hit it.

For convenience and efficiency, install fireplace

- where there is easy access for operation, inspection, and service.
- · in coldest part of room.

An optional blower kit is available from your dealer (see <u>Accessories</u>, **Page 31**). If planning to use blower, locate fireplace near an electrical outlet.

Continued

BUILT-IN FIREPLACE INSTALLATION

Built-in installation of this fireplace involves installing fireplace into a framed-in enclosure. This makes the front of fireplace flush with wall. An optional trim kit accessory is available (see <u>Accessories</u>, **Page 31**). Trim will extend past sides of fireplace approximately 1/2". This will cover the rough edges of the wall opening. If installing a built-in mantel above the fireplace you must follow the clearances shown in **Figure 11**, **Page 14**. Follow the instructions below to install the fireplace in this manner.

	Actual	Framing
Height	26"	26-7/8"
Front Width	26-3/4"	26-7/8"
Depth	9-1/2"	10-1/2"
Bottom	3/4"	3/4"

 Frame in rough opening. Use dimensions shown in *Figure 8, Page 12*, for the rough opening.

If installing in a corner, use dimensions shown in *Figure 9, Page 12*, for the rough opening. The height is 26-7/8" which is the same as the wall opening above.

AWARNING: If pre-wiring, do not connect wiring to any electrical source at this time.

Install fireplace electrical outlet and connect wiring to outlet before connecting to electrical source. The fireplace electrical outlet is included with the GA3450T blower accessory.

Only use the fireplace electrical outlet supplied with the GA3450TA blower accessory.

 If installing GA3450TA blower accessory, do so at this time. See <u>Installing Blower</u> <u>Accessory GA3450TA</u>, Page 15.

NOTE: If not installing blower accessory, you may wish to run electrical wiring to your fireplace for future blower installation (see <u>Accessories</u>, **Page 31**) Use only approved three-wire electrical wiring.

NOTE: A qualified installer should make all electrical connections.

- Install gas piping to fireplace location. This
 installation includes an approved flexible
 gas line (if allowed by local codes) after
 the equipment shutoff valve. The flexible
 gas line must be the last item installed on
 the gas piping.
- 4. If you have not assembled firebox, follow instructions on *Page 6*.
- Carefully set fireplace in front of rough opening with back of fireplace inside wall opening.
- Attach flexible gas line to fireplace gas regulator. See <u>Connecting to Gas Supply</u>, Page 18.
- 7. Bend four nailing flanges on outer casing with pliers (see *Figure 10*).
- 8. Attach fireplace to wall studs using nails or wood screws through holes in nailing flange.
- 9. Check all gas connections for leaks. See Checking Gas Connections, Page 20.
- If using optional trim kit, install the trim after final finishing and/or painting of wall.
 See instructions included with trim accessory for attaching trim.

IMPORTANT: When finishing your firebox, combustible materials such as wall board, gypsum board, sheet rock, drywall, plywood, etc. may be butted up next to the sides and top of the firebox. Combustible materials should never overlap the firebox front facing.

Continued

WARNING: Do not allow any combustible/noncombustible materials to overlap the firebox front facing.

WARNING: Do not allow noncombustible materials to cover any necessary openings like louvered slots.

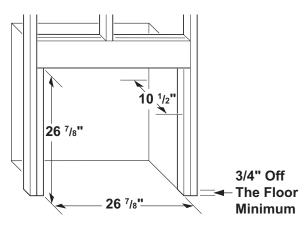


Figure 8 - Rough Opening for Installing in Wall

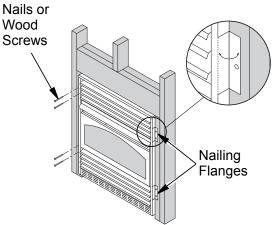


Figure 10 - Attaching Fireplace to Wall Studs

WARNING: Never modify or cover the louvered slots on the front of the firebox.

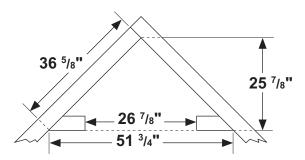


Figure 9 - Rough Opening for Installing in Corner

Continued

Mantel Clearances for Built-In Installation If placing mantel above built-in fireplace, you must meet minimum clearance between mantel shelf and top of fireplace opening.

NOTICE: Surface temperatures of adjacent walls and mantels become hot during operation. Walls and mantels above the firebox may become hot to the touch. If installed properly, these temperatures meet the requirement of the national product standard. Follow all minimum clearances shown in this manual.

NOTICE: If your installation does not meet the minimum clearances shown in *Figure* 11, you must do one of the following:

- raise the mantel to an acceptable height
- remove the mantel

Minimum clearance requirements include any projections such as shelves, window sills, mantels, etc. above the appliance.

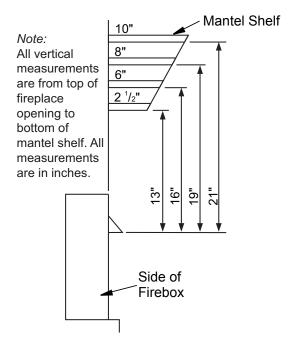


Figure 11 - Minimum Mantel Clearances for Built-In Installation

OPTIONAL MANTEL INSTALLATION

Refer to instructions provided with the mantel for assembly instructions. Refer to the following instructions for system installation. Refer to instructions on **Page 6** for hood assembly. Blower accessory should be installed prior to mantel if it is being used (see <u>Installing Optional Blower Accessory GA3450TA</u>, **Page 15**).

- 1. Assemble cabinet mantel as shown in accessory instruction sheet.
- If blower is installed, install a properly grounded, 120 volt three-prong electrical outlet at fireplace location if an outlet is not there. If possible, locate outlet so cabinet mantel will cover it when installed (see Figure 12).
- Place hearth base against wall at installation location. Cut an access hole in hearth base to run gas line to fireplace (see Figure 12). Make sure to locate access hole so cabinet mantel will cover it when installed.

NOTE: You can secure base to floor using wood screws. Countersink screw heads and putty over.

- 4. Route flexible gas line through access hole in hearth base.
- Center cabinet mantel on hearth base (see Figure 13, Page 15). Make sure mantel is flush against wall and centered left to right on base.
- Use screws provided with mantel accessory to attach mantel assembly to base (see mantel instruction sheet).
- Attach flexible gas line to fireplace gas regulator. See <u>Connecting to Gas Supply</u>, Page 18.
- Route electrical cord(s) through access holes in either side of fireplace with bushing. Plug electrical cord(s) into electrical outlet.
- 9. Check all gas connections for leaks. See Checking Gas Connections, **Page 20**.

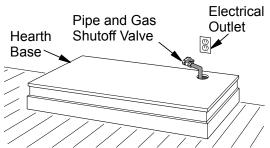


Figure 12 - Placing Hearth Base Against Wall

Continued

- Carefully insert fireplace into cabinet mantel (see Figure 13). Be careful not to scratch or damage hearth base or cabinet mantel.
- 11. Place metal trim on shoulder screws located on the side and top of the fireplace (see <u>Assembling Perimeter Trim</u>). Firmly snap trim over shoulder screws. Align fireplace in mantel assembly so the trim overlaps mantel evenly on all three sides.
- 12. Lower bottom louver door. Use 3" wood screws provided with mantel accessory to attach fireplace to base (see mantel instruction sheet).

Assembling Perimeter Trim

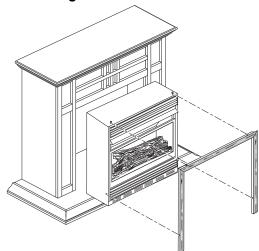


Figure 13 - Installing Fireplace into Mantel Assembly

- 1. Remove packaging from three remaining pieces of trim.
- 2. Locate two adjusting plates with set screws, and two shims in the hardware packet.
- 3. Align shim under adjusting plate as shown in *Figure 14*.
- Slide one end of adjusting plate/shim in slot on mitered edge of top trim (see Figure 14).

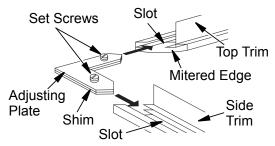


Figure 14 - Assembling Perimeter Trim

- 5. Slide other end of adjusting plate/shim in slot on mitered edge of side trim (see *Figure 14*).
- 6. While firmly holding edges of trim together, tighten both set screws on the adjusting plate with slotted screwdriver.
- 7. Repeat steps 1 through 6 for other corner.
- 8. Set trim assembly aside for later installation.

INSTALLING BLOWER ACCESSORY GA3450TA

Removing Upper Louver Assembly

To install the blower accessory, you must first remove the upper louver assembly.

- 1. Lift screen off heater.
- 2. Remove 4 screws from louver assembly (see **Figure 15**). Save these screws.
- Pull louver assembly straight out from the cabinet. Be careful not to scratch the paint. Set louver assembly and screws aside.

Removing Valve Cover Shield

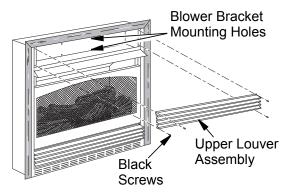


Figure 15 - Removing Upper Louver
Assembly

- Open bottom louver assembly by swinging the assembly down (see Figure 16, Page 16).
- Using short Phillips screwdriver, remove the screw under the center of the branch support. Rotate valve cover shield clockwise and slide out.

IMPORTANT: Do not remove shoulder screw on the left side of valve cover shield. Slide the valve cover shield off of the shoulder screw (see **Figure 16**, **Page 16**).

Continued

NOTE: If you do not have a short Phillips screwdriver, the screen, log set, and branch support must be removed so a longer screwdriver may be used. See Connecting Equipment Shutoff Valve to Heater Control, **Page 19**, steps 1 and 2.

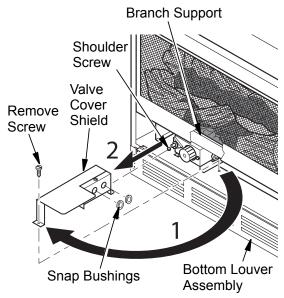


Figure 16 - Removing Valve Cover Shield

Installing Blower Assembly

CAUTION: Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation.

A CAUTION: Verify proper operation after servicing.

NOTE: If you are using a mantel with your heater, use the following instructions. If your heater is built-in, see <u>For Built-In Installation</u> on **Page 17**.

- 1. Install snap bushings found in hardware kit into both holes in rear of valve cover shield.
- Make sure the wire harness is firmly connected to the terminals on the blower bracket assembly.
- Note wire locations on back of AUTO/OFF/ ON switch. Terminals on back of switch are numbered 1, 2, and 3. Carefully remove red wire from terminal 1 and blue wire from terminal 3. Black wire can remain on middle terminal 2 (see Figure 17).

- 4. Carefully disconnect green and white wires at their insulated connectors.
- In top of heater cabinet, locate 4 mounting holes on outer casing. Align these 4 holes with those on blower bracket assembly. Attach blower bracket assembly to outer casing with 4 #10 screws provided (see Figure 17).
- 6. Route wire harness through hole in left side of baffle. Pull wire harness through lower opening above where valve shield was removed (see Figure 17).
- Insert 4 wire harnesses into one of the round holes in rear of valve cover shield and through rectangular hole in front of shield (see Figure 17).
- 8. Reconnect red wire to switch position 3. Reconnect blue wire to switch position 1. Reconnect green and white wires.
- Install switch plate on valve cover shield with 2 #10 screws provided (see Figure 18, Page 17). Reinstall valve cover shield. Route power cord out of cabinet by inserting it through bushing on outer casing (see Figure 17). Plug fan kit into 120-Volt grounded power supply and test operation.

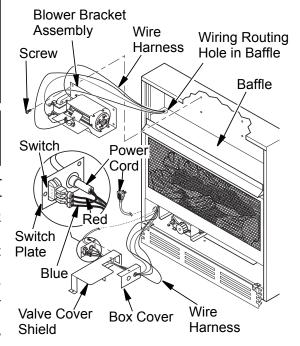


Figure 17 - Installing Blower Bracket
Assembly

Continued

NOTE: When switch is in AUTO position, fan will start after heater has run for a few moments. Fan will continue to run for several moments after heater has been turned off. When switch is in the ON position, fan will run until turned to OFF. Reinstall upper louver assembly and hood if previously removed, (see Figure 15, Page 15). Close lower louver door.

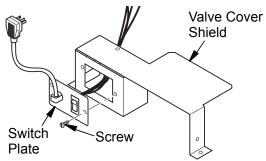


Figure 18 - Installing Switch Plate to Valve Cover Shield

For Built-In Installation

WARNING: A licensed electrician must connect the wiring harness to electrical supply following all local codes. Electrician must provide a clamp on the box cover to secure the wiring. Wiring should be routed through the bushing in the hole on the outer casing of heater.

Follow instructions for <u>Removing Valve Cover Shield</u>, **Page 15**. Continue installation as follows:

- Install a snap bushing found in hardware kit into one of the holes found on rear of valve cover shield. The other hole is for a strain relief clamp (not supplied) to secure incoming electrical supply.
- Follow steps 2 through 6 in <u>Installing</u> <u>Blower Assembly</u>, **Page 16**. Also remove black wire from middle switch terminal 2.
- Remove black plastic strain relief and power cord from switch plate. The power cord supplied will not be used in built-in installations. Pop in the plastic snap bushing found in hardware kit into the hole left by supply cord/strain relief.

- A licensed electrician must follow the wiring diagram to connect incoming electrical supply to fan kit wiring harness (see Figure 19).
- 5. Plug power cord to the outlet receptacle (not provided) as shown in *Figure 18*. Wind the extra power cord and tie it up with the plastic wire strap (see *Figure 20*, *Page 18*). Set the power cord bundle between the burner bracket and outer casing, away from the burner.
- 6. Reinstall valve cover shield.
- 7. Test to make sure the blower is working properly.
- Reinstall upper louver assembly and hood if previously removed, (see Figure 15, Page 15). Close lower louver door.

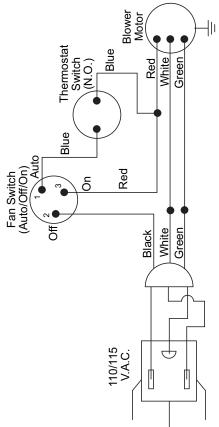


Figure 19 - Wiring Diagram For Blower Accessory Built-In Installation

WARNING: Caution: Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

Continued

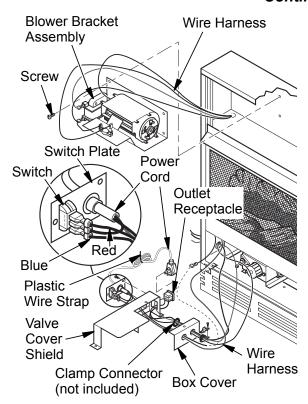


Figure 20 - Installing Blower Bracket
Assembly

Extension Cord

Use extension cord if needed. The cord must have a three-prong, grounding plug and a three-hole receptacle. Make sure cord is in good shape. It must be heavy enough to carry the current needed. An undersized cord will cause a drop in line voltage. This will result in loss of power and overheating. Use a No. 16 AWG cord for lengths less than 50 feet.

CONNECTING TO GAS SUPPLY

WARNING: This appliance requires a 45° male flare fitting 5/8"-18 UNF (Unified National Fine Thread) inlet connection and the flexible gas line provided.

WARNING: A qualified service person must connect fireplace to gas supply. Follow all local codes.

CAUTION: Never connect propane/LP fireplace directly to the propane/LP supply. This fireplace requires an external regulator (not supplied). Install the external regulator between the fireplace and propane/LP supply.

WARNING: Never connect natural gas fireplace to private (non-utility) gas wells. This gas is commonly known as wellhead gas.

For propane/LP units, installer must supply an external regulator. The external regulator will reduce incoming gas pressure. You must reduce incoming gas pressure to between 11" and 14" of water. If you do not reduce incoming gas pressure, fireplace regulator damage could occur. Install external regulator with the vent pointing down as shown in *Figure 21*. Pointing the vent down protects it from freezing rain or sleet.

CAUTION: Use only new, black iron or steel pipe. Internally-tinned copper tubing may be used in certain areas. Check your local codes. Use pipe of 1/2" or greater diameter to allow proper gas volume to fireplace. If pipe is too small, undue loss of volume will occur.

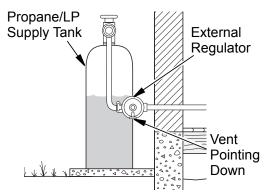


Figure 21- External Regulator with Vent Pointing Down

Continued

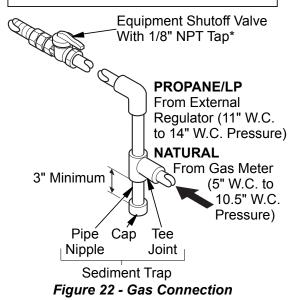
Installation must include an equipment shutoff valve, union, and plugged 1/8" NPT tap. Locate NPT tap within reach for test gauge hook up. NPT tap must be upstream from fireplace (see **Figure 22**).

IMPORTANT: Install equipment shutoff valve in an accessible location. Equipment shutoff valve is for turning on or shutting off gas to the appliance.

Check your building codes for any special requirements for locating equipment shutoff valve to fireplaces.

Apply pipe joint sealant lightly to male NPT threads. This will prevent excess sealant from going into pipe. Excess sealant in pipe could result in clogged fireplace valves.

WARNING: Use pipe joint sealant that is resistant to liquid petroleum (LP) gas.



* Purchase the optional equipment shutoff valve from your dealer.

CONNECTING EQUIPMENT SHUTOFF VALVE TO HEATER CONTROL

Installation Items Needed

- Phillips screwdriver
- sealant (resistant to propane/LP gas, not provided)
- To remove fireplace screen, remove 2 screws that hold fireplace screen in place for shipping. These screws are located near top of screen. Discard screws. Lift fireplace screen up and pull out to remove.

- Remove screws that attach branch support to fireplace (see Figure 23). Carefully lift up branch support and remove from fireplace (see Figure 23).
- Route flexible gas line included from fireplace control to equipment shutoff valve through side or rear access holes in outer casing.

NOTICE: Most building codes do not permit concealed gas connections. A flexible gas line is provided to allow accessibility from the fireplace (see Figure 23). The flexible gas supply line connection to the equipment shutoff valve should be accessible.

CAUTION: Avoid damage to regulator. Hold gas regulator with wrench when connecting it to gas piping and/or fittings.

- 4. Apply pipe joint sealant lightly to male threads of gas connector attached to flexible gas line/equipment shutoff valve (see Figure 24, Page 20).
- 5. Check all gas connections for leaks. See <u>Checking Gas Connections</u>, **Page 20**.

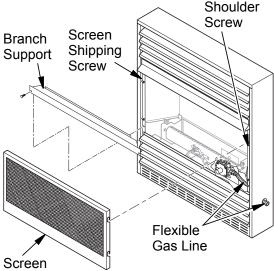


Figure 23 - Removing Log Base Assembly From Fireplace

Continued

 Replace branch support back into fireplace. Feed flexible gas line into fireplace base area while replacing branch support. Make sure the entire flexible gas line is in fireplace base area. Reattach branch support to fireplace with screws removed in step 2, *Page 19*.

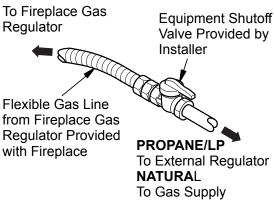


Figure 24 - Attaching Flexible Gas Line to Equipment Shutoff Valve

CHECKING GAS CONNECTIONS

WARNING: Test all gas piping and connections, internal and external to unit, for leaks after installing or servicing. Correct all leaks at once.

WARNING: Never use an open flame to check for a leak. Apply a noncorrosive leak detection fluid to all joints. Bubbles forming show a leak. Correct all leaks at once.

CAUTION: Make sure external regulator has been installed between propane/LP supply and fireplace. See guidelines under Connecting to Gas Supply, Page 18.

PRESSURE TESTING GAS SUPPLY PIPING SYSTEM

Test Pressures In Excess Of 1/2 PSIG (3.5 kPa)

- Disconnect appliance with its appliance main gas valve (control valve) and equipment shutoff valve from gas supply piping. Pressures in excess of 1/2 psig (3.5 kPa) will damage fireplace regulator.
- 2. Cap off open end of gas pipe where equipment shutoff valve was connected.
- Pressurize supply piping system by either opening propane/LP supply tank valve for propane/LP gas or opening main gas valve located on or near gas meter for natural gas, or using compressed air.
- Check all joints of gas supply piping system. Apply a noncorrosive leak detection fluid to gas joints. Bubbles forming show a leak.
- 5. Correct all leaks at once.
- Reconnect heater and equipment shutoff valve to gas supply. Check reconnected fittings for leaks.

Test Pressures Equal To or Less Than 1/2 PSIG (3.5 kPa)

- 1. Close equipment shutoff valve (see Figure 25).
- Pressurize supply piping system by either opening propane/LP supply tank valve for propane/LP gas or opening main gas valve located on or near gas meter for natural gas, or using compressed air.
- Check all joints from gas meter for natural or propane/LP supply to equipment shutoff valve (see *Figures 26 and 27, Page 21*). Apply a noncorrosive leak detection fluid to gas joints. Bubbles forming show a leak.
- 4. Correct all leaks at once.

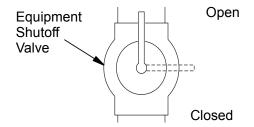


Figure 25 - Equipment Shutoff Valve

Continued

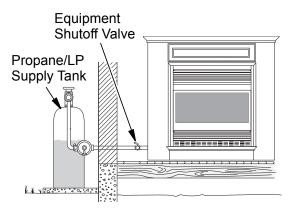


Figure 26 - Checking Gas Joints for Propane/LP Gas (Shown with Optional Mantel)

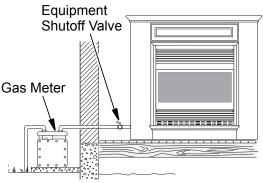


Figure 27 - Checking Gas Joints for Natural Gas (Shown with Optional Mantel)

PRESSURE TESTING FIREPLACE GAS CONNECTIONS

- 1. Open equipment shutoff valve (see **Figure 25**, **Page 20**).
- Open main gas valve located on or near gas meter for natural gas or open propane/LP supply tank valve.
- 3. Make sure control knob of fireplace is in the OFF position.
- Check all joints from equipment shutoff valve to thermostat gas valve (see Figures 26 and 27). Apply a noncorrosive leak detection fluid to gas joints. Bubbles forming show a leak.
- Correct all leaks at once.
- 6. Light fireplace (see <u>Operation</u>). Check all other internal joints for leaks.
- 7. Turn off fireplace (see <u>To Turn Off Gas to Appliance</u>, **Page 23**).
- 8. Replace front panel.

OPERATION



FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE LIGHTING



WARNING: If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- A. This appliance has a pilot which must be lighted by hand. When lighting the pilot, follow these instructions exactly.
- B. BEFORE LIGHTING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electric switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- C. Use only your hand to push in or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the knob will not push in or turn by hand, don't try to repair it, call a qualified service technician or gas supplier. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.
- D. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

OPERATION

Continued



LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS

WARNING: You must operate this fireplace with the fireplace screen in place. Make sure fireplace screen is installed before running fireplace.

NOTICE: During initial operation of new fireplace, burning logs will give off a paper-burning smell. Orange flame will also be present. Open window to vent smell. Operate fireplace on HI position to burn off odor. This will only last a few hours.

- 1. STOP! Read the safety information starting, *Page 21*.
- 2. Make sure equipment shutoff valve is fully open.
- Turn control knob clockwise to OFF position.
- Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. Then smell for gas, including near the floor. If you smell gas, STOP! Follow "B" in safety information, *Page 21*. If you don't smell gas, go to next step.
- 5. Turn control knob counterclockwise / to PILOT position. Press in control knob for five (5) seconds (see *Figure 28*).

NOTE: You may be running this fireplace for the first time after hooking up to gas supply. If so, the control knob may need to be pressed in for 30 seconds or more. This will allow air to bleed from the gas system.

- If control knob does not pop up when released, contact a qualified service person or gas supplier for repairs.
- With control knob pressed in, push down and release igniter button. This will light pilot. Pilot is attached to front of burner. If needed, keep pressing igniter button until pilot lights.

NOTE: If pilot does not stay lit, refer to <u>Troubleshooting</u>, **Page 26**. Also contact a qualified service person or gas supplier for repairs. Until repairs are made, light pilot with match. To light pilot with match, see <u>Manual Lighting Procedure</u>, **Page 23**.

- 7. Keep control knob pressed in for 30 seconds after lighting pilot. After 30 seconds, release control knob.
 - **NOTE**: If pilot goes out, repeat steps 3 through 7. This fireplace has a safety interlock system. Wait one (1) minute before lighting pilot again.
- 8. Turn control knob counterclockwise / to desired heating level. The main burner should light. Set control knob to any heat level between HI and LO.

CAUTION: Do not try to adjust heating levels by using the equipment shutoff valve.

 To shut off burner only and leave pilot lit, turn countrol knob clockwise to PILOT position.

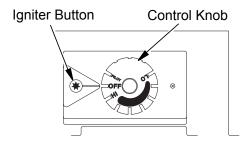


Figure 28 - Control Knob In The OFF
Position

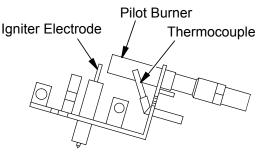


Figure 29 - Pilot (Propane/LP Shown)

OPERATION

Continued



TO TURN OFF GAS **TO APPLIANCE**



Shutting Off Fireplace

- 1. Turn control knob clockwise / ⋆ to the OFF position.
- 2. Turn off all electric power to the appliance if service is to be performed.
- 3. Close equipment shutoff valve (see Figure 25, Page 20).



THERMOSTAT CONTROL OPERATION



The thermostatic control used on this fireplace differs from standard thermostats. Standard thermostats simply turn on and off the burner. The thermostat used on this fireplace senses the room temperature. The thermostat adjusts the amount of gas flow to the burner. This increases or decreases the burner flame height. At times the room may exceed the set temperature. If so, the burner will shut off. The burner will cycle back on when room temperature drops below the set temperature.

The control knob can be set to any heat level between HI and LO.

NOTE: The thermostat sensing bulb measures the temperature of air near the fireplace cabinet. This may not always agree with room temperature (depending on housing construction, installation location, room size, open air temperatures, etc.). Frequent use of your fireplace will let you determine your own comfort levels.

MANUAL LIGHTING **PROCEDURE**



- 1. Follow steps 1 through 5 under Lighting Instructions, Page 22.
- 2. With control knob pressed in, strike match. Hold match to pilot until pilot lights.
- 3. Keep control knob pressed in for 30 seconds after lighting pilot. After 30 seconds, release control knob. Now follow step 8 under Lighting Instructions, Page 22.



OPERATING BLOWER



This blower has three settings: ON, OFF, and AUTO. In the ON position, blower will operate constantly. In the OFF position, blower will not operate. In the AUTO position, blower will start when thermostat senses a sufficient increase in firebox temperature.

NOTE: Your fireplace and thermostat blower will not turn on and off at the same time. The fireplace may run for several minutes before blower turns on. After heater modulates to pilot position, blower will continue to run. Blower will shut off after firebox temperature decreases.

NOTE: It is safe to operate fireplace with blower turned off. However, blower helps distribute heated air from fireplace.

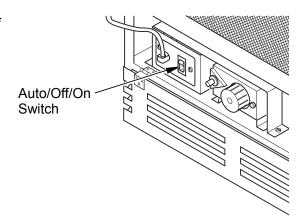


Figure 30 - Auto/Off/On Switch

INSPECTING BURNER

Check pilot flame pattern and burner flame pattern often.

PILOT FLAME PATTERN

Figure 31 shows a correct pilot flame pattern. Figure 32 shows an incorrect pilot flame pattern. The incorrect pilot flame is not properly heating the thermocouple. This will cause thermocouple to cool. When thermocouple cools, the fireplace will shut down.

If pilot flame pattern is incorrect, as shown in *Figure 32*

- turn fireplace off (see <u>To Turn Off Gas to Appliance</u>, Page 23)
- see Troubleshooting, Page 26

NOTE: The pilot flame on natural gas units will have a slight curve, but flame should be blue and have no yellow or orange color.

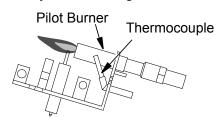


Figure 31 - Correct Pilot Flame Pattern (Propane/LP Shown)

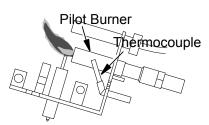


Figure 32 - Incorrect Pilot Flame Pattern (Propane/LP Shown)

BURNER FLAME PATTERN

Figure 33 shows a correct burner flame pattern. **Figure 34** shows an incorrect burner flame pattern. The incorrect burner flame pattern shows sporadic, irregular flame tipping. The flame should not be dark or have an orange/reddish tinge.

NOTE: When using fireplace for the first time, flame will be orange for approximately 1 hour until log cures.

If burner flame pattern is incorrect, as shown in *Figure 34*

- turn fireplace off (see <u>To Turn Off Gas to Appliance</u>, Page 23)
- see Troubleshooting, Page 26

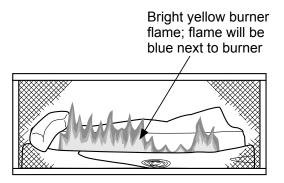


Figure 33 - Correct Burner Flame Pattern

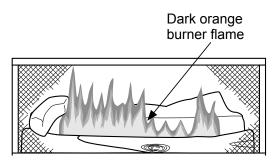


Figure 34 - Incorrect Burner Flame Pattern

CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

AWARNING: Turn off fireplace and let cool before cleaning.

CAUTION: You must keep control areas, burner, and circulating air passageways of fireplace clean. Inspect these areas of fireplace before each use. Have fireplace inspected yearly by a qualified service person. Fireplace may need more frequent cleaning due to excessive lint from carpeting, bedding material, pet hair, etc.

WARNING: Failure to keep the primary air opening(s) of the burner(s) clean may result in sooting and property damage.

BURNER INJECTOR HOLDER AND PILOT AIR INLET HOLE

The primary air inlet holes allow proper amounts of air to mix with gas. This provides a clean burning flame. Keep these holes clear of dust, dirt, lint, and pet hair. Clean these air inlet holes prior to each heating season. Blocked air holes will create soot. We recommend that you clean the unit every 3 months during operation and have heater inspected yearly by a qualified service person.

We also recommend that you keep burner tube and pilot assembly clean and free of dust and dirt. To clean these parts we recommend using compressed air no greater than 30 PSI. Your local computer store, hardware store, or home center may carry compressed air in a can. If using compressed air in a can, please follow the directions on the can. If you don't follow directions on the can, you could damage the pilot assembly.

- 1. Shut off unit, including pilot. Allow unit to cool for at least thirty minutes.
- Inspect burner, pilot, and primary air inlet holes on injector holder for dust and dirt (see Figure 35).
- 3. Blow air through ports/slots and holes in burner.

- Check injector holder located at end of burner tube again. Remove any large particles of dust, dirt, lint, or pet hair with a soft cloth or vacuum cleaner nozzle.
- 5. Blow air into primary air holes on injector holder.
- 6. In case any large clumps of dust have now been pushed into burner repeat steps 3 and 4.

Clean pilot assembly also. A yellow tip on the pilot flame indicates dust and dirt in pilot assembly. There is a small pilot air inlet hole about 2" from where pilot flame comes out of pilot assembly (see *Figure 36*). With unit off, lightly blow air through the air inlet hole. You may blow through a drinking straw if compressed air is not available.

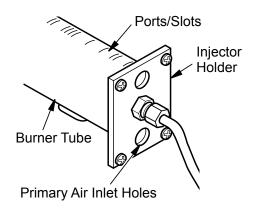


Figure 35 - Injector Holder On Outlet

Burner Tube

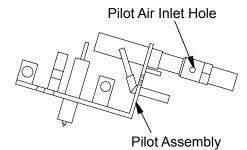


Figure 36 - Pilot Inlet Air Hole (Propane/LP Shown)

CABINET

Air Passageways

Use a vacuum cleaner or pressurized air to clean.

Exterior

Use a soft cloth dampened with a mild soap and water mixture. Wipe cabinet to remove dust.

WARNING: Turn off heater and let cool before servicing. Only a qualified service person should service and repair heater.

A CAUTION: Never use a wire, needle, or similar object to clean ODS/pilot. This can damage ODS/pilot unit.

NOTE: All troubleshooting items are listed in order of operation.

OBSERVED PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
When igniter button is pressed, there is no spark at ODS/pilot	 Igniter cable pinched or wet Igniter electrode not connected to igniter cable Broken igniter cable Bad piezo igniter Igniter electrode broken Igniter electrode positioned wrong 	 Free igniter cable if pinched by any metal or tubing. Keep igniter cable dry Reconnect igniter cable Replace igniter cable Replace piezo igniter Replace pilot assembly Replace pilot assembly
When igniter button is pressed, there is spark at ODS/pilot but no ignition	 Gas supply turned off or equipment shutoff valve closed Control knob not in PILOT position Control knob not pressed in while in PILOT position Air in gas lines when installed 	Turn on gas supply or open equipment shutoff valve Turn control knob to PILOT position Press in control knob while in PILOT position Continue holding down control knob. Repeat igniting operation until air is removed
	5. Depleted gas supply (propane/LP only)6. ODS/pilot is clogged	 5. Contact local propane/LP gas company 6. Clean ODS/pilot (see Cleaning and Maintenance, Page 25) or replace ODS/pilot assembly 7. Deplace see requisitors
	Gas regulator setting is not correct	7. Replace gas regulator

Continued

OBSERVED PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
ODS/pilot lights but flame goes out when control knob is released	Control knob not fully pressed in Control knob not pressed in long enough	Press in control knob fully After ODS/pilot lights, keep control knob pressed in 30 seconds
	Safety interlock system has been triggered	 Wait one minute for safety interlock system to reset. Repeat ignition operation
	Equipment shutoff valve not fully open	Fully open equipment shut- off valve
	5. Thermocouple connection loose at control valve6. Pilot flame not touching thermocouple, which allows thermocouple to cool,	5. Hand tighten until snug, then tighten 1/4 turn more6. A) Contact local propane/LP or natural gas company
	causing pilot flame to go out. This problem could be caused by one or both of the following: A) Low gas pressure B) Dirty or partially clogged ODS/pilot	B) Clean ODS/pilot (see <u>Cleaning and Maintenance</u> , Page 25) or replace ODS/pilot assembly
	7. Thermocouple damaged 8. Control valve damaged	7. Replace pilot assembly 8. Replace control valve
Burner does not light after ODS/pilot is lit	 Burner orifice is clogged Inlet gas pressure too low 	Clean burner (see <u>Clean-ing and Maintenance</u> , Page 25) or replace burner orifice Contact local propane/LP
	2. Hillot gas prossure too low	or natural gas company
Delayed ignition of burner	1. Manifold pressure too low	Contact local propane/LP or natural gas company
	2. Burner orifice is clogged	2. Clean burner (see <u>Cleaning</u> <u>and Maintenance</u> , Page 25) or replace burner orifice
Burner backfiring during combustion	Burner orifice is clogged or damaged	Clean burner (see <u>Cleaning</u> <u>and Maintenance</u> , Page 25) or replace burner orifice
	2. Burner damaged3. Low inlet gas pressure	2. Replace burner pressure3. Contact local propane/LP
	4. Gas regulator defective	or natural gas company 4. Replace gas regulator
Yellow flame during burner combustion	1. Not enough air	1. Check burner for dirt and debris. If found, clean burner (see <u>Cleaning and Maintenance</u> , Page 25)
	2. Gas regulator defective	2. Replace gas regulator

Continued

OBSERVED PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Slight smoke or odor during initial operation	Residues from manufactur- ing processes	Problem will stop after a few hours of operation
Fireplace produces a whistling noise when burner is lit	 Turning control knob to HI position when burner is cold Air in gas line Air passageways on fire-place blocked Dirty or partially clogged burner orifice 	 Turn control knob to LO position and let warm up for a minute Operate burner until air is removed from line. Have gas line checked by local propane/LP gas company Observe minimum installation clearances (see Pages 10 through 14) Clean burner (see Cleaning and Maintenance, Page 25) or replace burner orifice
White powder residue forming within burner box or on adjacent walls or furniture	When heated, vapors from furniture polish, wax, carpet cleaners, etc. may turn into white powder residue	Turn heater off when using furniture polish, wax, carpet cleaners, or similar products
Fireplace produces a clicking/ ticking noise just after burner is lit or shut off	Metal expanding while heating or contracting while cooling	This is normal with most fireplaces. If noise is excessive, contact qualified service person

Continued

⚠ WARNING: If you smell gas

- · Shut off gas supply.
- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

IMPORTANT: Operating fireplace where impurities in air exist may create odors. Cleaning supplies, paint, paint remover, cigarette smoke, cements and glues, new carpet or textiles, etc., create fumes. These fumes may mix with combustion air and create odors.

OBSERVED PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Fireplace produces unwanted odors	Fireplace burning vapors from paint, hair spray, glues, etc. (See IMPOR- TANT statement above)	Ventilate room. Stop us- ing odor causing products while fireplace is running
	2. Low fuel supply (propane/LP)	2. Refill supply tank
	3. Gas leak. See Warning statement above	3. Locate and correct all leaks (see <u>Checking Gas Connections</u> , Page 20)
Fireplace shuts off in use (ODS operates)	 Not enough fresh air is available Low line pressure ODS/pilot is partially clogged 	 Open window and/or door for ventilation Contact local propane/LP or natural gas company Clean ODS/pilot (see Cleaning and Maintenance, Page 25)
Gas odor even when control knob is in OFF position	Gas leak. See Warning statement above Control valve defective	Locate and correct all leaks (see <u>Checking Gas Connections</u> , Page 20) Replace control valve
Gas odor during combustion	Foreign matter between control valve and burner Gas leak. See Warning statement above	Take apart gas tubing and remove foreign matter Locate and correct all leaks (see <u>Checking Gas Connections</u> , Page 20)
Moisture/condensation noticed on windows	Not enough combustion/ ventilation air	1. Refer to Air for Combustion and Ventilation require- ments (Page 7)

SPECIFICATIONS

VCM3026ZTP

- Rating (Variable): 14,000/26,000 Btu/Hr
- · Gas Type: Propane/LP Gas Only
- · Ignition: Piezo
- Pressure Regulator Setting: 8" W.C.
- Inlet Gas Pressure (in. of water):
 Maximum 14" W.C., Minimum* 11" W.C.
- * For purposes of input adjustment

VCM3026ZTN

- Rating (Variable): 14,000/26,000 Btu/Hr
- · Gas Type: Natural Gas Only
- Ignition: Piezo
- · Pressure Regulator Setting: 3" W.C.
- Inlet Gas Pressure (in. of water):
 Maximum 10.5" W.C., Minimum* 5" W.C.
- * For purposes of input adjustment

For Both Models

- Dimensions (H x W x D) (including hood and screws):
 Fireplace 25-7/8" x 26-13/16" x 9-3/8", Carton 32-5/8" x 27-3/16" x 11-5/8"
- Weight: Fireplace 44.5 lbs., Shipping 48 lbs.

REPLACEMENT PARTS

See *Pages 32-33* for a complete replacement parts list. Use only parts supplied from the manufacturer.

Normally, all parts should be ordered through your IHP distributor or dealer. Parts will be shipped at prevailing prices at time of order.

NEVER USE SUBSTITUTE MATERIALS. USE OF NON-APPROVED PARTS CAN RESULT IN POOR PERFORMANCE AND SAFETY HAZARDS.

When ordering repair parts, always give the following information:

- 1. The model number of the appliance.
- 2. The serial number of the appliance.
- 3. The part number.
- 4. The description of the part.
- 5. The quantity required.
- 6. The installation date of the appliance.

If you encounter any problems or have any questions concerning the installation or application of this appliance, please contact your dealer.

SERVICE HINTS

When Gas Pressure Is Too Low

- pilot will not stay lit
- burners will have delayed ignition
- · appliance will not produce specified heat
- propane/LP gas supply may be low

You may feel your gas pressure is too low. If so, contact your local propane/LP or natural gas supplier.

TECHNICAL SERVICE

You may have further questions about installation, operation, or troubleshooting. Please contact your IHP dealer for any questions or concerns. When contacting your dealer please have your model and serial numbers of your appliance ready. You can also visit our web site at SuperiorFireplaces.us.com.

ACCESSORIES

Purchase these appliance accessories from your local dealer. If they can not supply these accessories, contact IHP at SuperiorFireplaces.us.com for referral information. You can also write to the address listed on the back Page of this manual.

Only kits supplied by IHP shall be used in the installation of this appliance. Use of non-approved accessory/part kit(s) can result in poor performance and safety hazards.

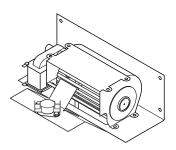
NOTICE: All accessories may not be available for all fireplace models.



PERIMETER TRIM KIT

Cat. No. F1816, Model GAB6094 - Black Cat. No. F1817, Model GAP6094 - Platinum

For all models. Optional three-sided perimeter trim kit for recessed installations (when unit is on the floor) or in mantel. Provides a finished appearance by covering rough edges of wall/mantel opening.



THERMOSTAT-CONTROLLED BLOWER KIT Cat, No. J1281, Model GA3450TA

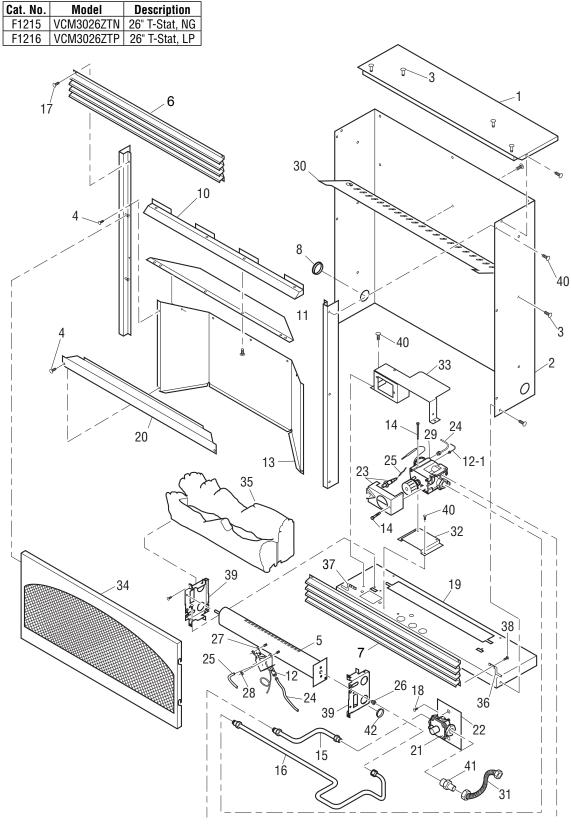
For all models. Provides better heat distribution. Makes fireplace more efficient. Automatically turns off and on as needed.

126871-01B

PARTS

MODELS VCM3026ZTP (SHOWN) AND VCM3026ZTN

WARNING: Contact an IHP dealer to obtain any of these parts. Never use substitute materials not approved by IHP. Use of non-approved parts can result in poor performance and safety hazards.



PARTS

This list contains replaceable parts used in your fireplace. When ordering parts, follow the instructions listed under *Replacement Parts* on *Page 30* of this manual.

₽ ≥

				· VCM362TF	Z6Z7√
KEY			CM2		
NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	/ 5	2	QTY
1	J3754	Outer Casing Top	•	•	1
2	**	Outer Casing	•	•	1
3	J3629	Shoulder Screw	•	•	14
4	J3574	Screw, #10 x 3/8"	•	•	15
5	J4376	Burner	•	•	1
6	F3685	Top Louvered Assembly	•	•	2
7	F3686	Bottom Louvered Assembly	•	•	2
8	J4578	Bushing	•	•	1
10	J3863	Firebox Hood	•	•	1
11	J3756	Firebox Top	•	•	1
12	J2164	ODS/Pilot Assembly	•		1
Ī	J3864	ODS/Pilot Assembly		•	1
13	**	Firebox Wrapper	•	•	1
14	J3625	Control Bracket Screw	•	•	2
15	J3848	Inlet Tube	•	•	1
16	J3769	Burner Tube	•	•	1
18	J3573	Regulator Screw	•	•	2
19	**	Outer Shell Base	•	•	1
20	J3758	Branch Support	•	•	1
21	J3647	Gas Regulator	•		1
<u> </u>	J3648	Gas Regulator		•	1
22	J3779	Regulator Bracket	•	•	1
23	J3714	Valve Cover and Piezo	•	•	1
24	J3635	Pilot Tube			1
25	J3567	Igniter Cable	•	•	1
26	J4013	Injector (0.059)	•		1
20	J4014	Injector (0.095)		•	1
27	J3681	Pilot Bracket	•	•	1
28	J3558	Nut, M5		•	2
29	J3590	Gas Valve, LP			1
23	J3587	Gas Valve, NG			1
30	J3757	Baffle		•	1
31	J3725	Flexible Connector			1
		<u> </u>			-
32	J3777	Control Bracket	•	•	1
33	J3759	Control Shield	•	•	1
34	J3802	Screen Assembly	•	•	1
35	J4008	Log Set Kit	•	•	1
36	J3869	Right Hinge	•	•	1
37	J3870	Left Hinge	•	•	1
38	J1953	Hinge Screws	•	•	4
39	J3827	Burner Support	•	•	2
40	J1955	Hex Head Screw, #10 x 3/8"	•	•	28
41	J3551	3/8 NPT x 3/8" Flare Brass Fitting	•	•	1
42	J3728	Bushing	•	•	1
43	J4039	NG Data Plate		•	1
,		ARTS AVAILABLE - NOT SHOWN	, ,		
	J3686	Lighting Instruction Plate	•	•	1
į	J3658	Warning Plate	•	•	1
44	J3813	Hardware Package	•	•	1

^{**} Not a field replacement part

NOTES

Innovative Hearth Products Superior® Brand Gas Fireplaces, Stoves and Inserts **20 Year Limited Warranty**

THE WARRANTY

Innovative Hearth Products ("IHP") 20 Year Limited Warranty warrants your Superior® Brand gas fireplace, Stove or Insert ("Product") to be free from defects in materials and workmanship at the time of manufacture. The product body, firebox and barrier carry the 20 Year Limited Warranty. Ceramic glass carries the 20 Year Limited Warranty against thermal breakage only. After installation, if covered components manufactured by IHP are found to be defective in materials or workmanship during the 20 Year Limited Warranty period and while the Product remains at the site of the original installation, IHP will, at its option, repair or replace the covered components. If repair or replacement is not commercially practical, IHP will, at its option, refund the purchase price or wholesale price of the IHP product, whichever is applicable. IHP will also pay IHP prevailing labor rates, as determined in its sole discretion, incurred in repairing or replacing such components for up to five years. THERE ARE EXCLUSIONS AND LIMITATIONS to this 20 Year Limited Warranty as described herein.

COVERAGE COMMENCEMENT DATE

Warranty coverage begins on the date of purchase. In the case of new home construction, warranty coverage begins on the date of first occupancy of the dwelling or six months after the sale of the Product by an independent IHP dealer/distributor, whichever occurs earlier. The warranty shall commence no later than 24 months following the date of product shipment from IHP, regardless of the installation or occupancy date.

EXCLUSIONS AND LIMITATIONS

This 20 Year Limited Warranty applies only if the Product is installed in the United States or Canada and only if operated and maintained in accordance with the printed instructions accompanying the Product and in compliance with all applicable installation and building codes and good trade practices.

This warranty is non-transferable and extends to the original owner only. The Product must be purchased through a listed supplier of IHP and proof of purchase must be provided. The product body, firebox and barrier carry the 20 Year Limited Warranty from the date of installation. Vent components, trim components and paint are excluded from this 20 Year Limited Warranty. The following do not carry the 20 Year Limited Warranty but are warranted as follows:

Burner - Repair or replacement for one year from the date of installation

Gas components – Repair or replacement for one year from the date of installation Gaskets – Repair or replacement for one year from the date of installation

Logs - Replacement for one year from the date of installation against thermal breakage only

Optional blowers & remote controls – Repair or replacement for one year from the date of installation

Optional glass doors – Repair or replacement for 90 days from the date of installation

Tempered glass - Replacement for one year from the date of installation

Labor coverage - Prevailing IHP labor rates apply for the warranty period of the component

Parts not otherwise listed carry a 90 day warranty from the date of installation.

Whenever practicable, IHP will provide replacement parts, if available, for a period of 10 years from the last date of manufacture of the Product.

IHP will not be responsible for: (a) damages caused by normal wear and tear, accident, riot, fire, flood or acts of God; (b) damages caused by abuse, negligence, misuse, or unauthorized alteration or repair of the Product affecting its stability or performance (The Product must be subjected to normal use. The Product is designed to burn either natural or propane gas only. Burning conventional fuels such as wood, coal or any other solid fuel will cause damage to the Product, will produce excessive temperatures and could result in a fire hazard.); (c) damages caused by failing to provide proper maintenance and service in accordance with the instructions provided with the Product; (d) damages, repairs or inefficiency resulting from faulty installation or application of the Product.

IHP is not responsible for inadequate fireplace system draft caused by air conditioning and heating systems, mechanical ventilation systems, or general construction conditions which may generate negative pressure in the room in which the appliance is installed. Additionally IHP assumes no responsibility for drafting conditions caused by venting configurations, adjoining trees or buildings, adverse wind conditions or unusual environmental factors and conditions that affect the operation of the unit.

This 20 Year Limited Warranty covers only parts and labor as provided herein. In no case shall IHP be responsible for materials, components or construction, which are not manufactured or supplied by IHP or for the labor necessary to install, repair or remove such materials, components or construction. Additional utility bills incurred due to any malfunction or defect in equipment are not covered by this warranty. All replacement or repair components will be shipped F.O.B. from the nearest stocking IHP factory.

It is expressly agreed and understood that IHP's sole obligation and the purchaser's exclusive remedy under this warranty, under any other warranty, expressed or implied, or in contract, tort or otherwise, shall be limited to replacement, repair, or refund, as specified herein.

In no event shall IHP be liable for any incidental or consequential damages caused by defects in the Product, whether such damage occurs or is discovered before or after repair or replacement, and whether such damage is caused by IHP's negligence. IHP has not made and does not make any representation or warranty of fitness for a particular use or purpose, and there is no implied condition of fitness for a particular use or purpose.

IHP makes no expressed warranties except as stated in this 20 Year Limited Warranty. The duration of any implied warranty is limited to the duration of this expressed warranty.

No one is authorized to change this 20 Year Limited Warranty or to create for IHP any other obligation or liability in connection with the Product. Some states and provinces do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you. The provisions of this 20 Year Limited Warranty are in addition to and not a modification of or subtraction from any statutory warranties and other rights and remedies provided by law.

INVESTIGATION OF CLAIMS AGAINST WARRANTY

IHP reserves the right to investigate any and all claims against this 20 Year Limited Warranty and to decide, in its sole discretion, upon the method of settlement.

To receive the benefits and advantages described in this 20 Year Limited Warranty, the appliance must be installed and repaired by a licensed contractor approved by IHP.

Contact IHP at the address provided herein to obtain a listing of approved dealers/distributors. IHP shall in no event be responsible for any warranty work done by a contractor that is not approved without first obtaining IHP's prior written consent.

HOW TO REGISTER A CLAIM AGAINST WARRANTY

In order for any claim under this warranty to be valid, you must contact the IHP dealer/distributor from which you purchased the product. If you cannot locate the dealer/ distributor, then you must notify IHP in writing. IHP must be notified of the claimed defect in writing within 90 days of the date of failure. Notices should be directed to the IHP Warranty Department at 1769 East Lawrence Street; Russellville, AL 35654 or visit our website at WWW.SUPERIORFIREPLACES.US.COM.

SuperiorFireplaces.us.com

Record the following important information about your appliance:

Appliance model number	
Appliance serial number	
Date appliance was Installed	
Type of gas appliance uses	
Dealer name	

IHP reserves the right to make changes at any time, without notice, in design, materials, specifications, prices and also to discontinue colors, styles and products. Consult your local distributor for fireplace code information.



